

## English

How did God make you special?
oetry, Songs and Rhymes
Reading
Listen to and discuss a range of texts at a level beyond that at which they can read independently, including stories, non-fiction and poems.

- Recognise and join in with language patterns and repetition
- Enjoy and recite rhymes and poems by heart.
- Split two and three syllables words into separate syllables to support blending for reading.
- Give opinions and support with reasons
- Make personal choices and explain reasons for choices.

Take turns to listen and speak in different contexts.
Writing
Orally plan and rehearse idea
Separate words with spaces.

- Discuss their writing with adults and peers.
- Read aloud their writing audibly to adults and peers.

Narrative - Story with a familiar setting
Reading
Read common exception words, noting tricky parts

- Apply phonic knowledge and skills as a route to decode words.
- Explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them
- Identify and discuss the main characters in stories.
- Identify and discuss main events in stories.
- Demonstrate understanding of texts by answering questions related to who, what, where, when, why, how
Orally retell familiar stories in a range of contexts, e.g. small world, role play, storytelling Writing
- Say and hold in memory, whilst writing simple sentences which make sense.
- Orally compose every sentence before writing.

Write simple sentences that can be read by themselves and others

- Use capital letter for the personal pronoun 'I.'
- Use punctuation to demarcate simple sentences (full stops)
- Use the joining word 'and' to link words.

Orally plan and rehearse ideas.
Spelling and Phonics

- Respond speedily with the correct sound to grapheme for the 44 phonemes
- Recognise and use the different ways of pronouncing the same grapheme e.g. 'ea’ in bread and seat; 'o' in post and slot; 'a' in hat and was; 'ow' in snow and cow
- Read accuratelv hv blending sounds in unfamiliar words


## 'Family Album!

## Miss Courtney

## Year 1

Autumn 1
2020-2021

## British Values

Rule of Law

What if the world was always a safe place?

Do we need classroom and school rules?

## Mathematics

## numbers?

Number and Place Value

- Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
- Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens
- Read and write numbers to 100 in numerals
- Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words
- Begin to recognise the place value of numbers beyond 20 (tens and ones)
- Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line
- Use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, leas
- Given a number, identify one more and one less
- Solve problems and practical problems involving all of the above

Number - addition and subtraction

- Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs
- Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20
- Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20 , including zero (using concrete objects and pictorial representations)
Number - fractions
- Understand that a fraction can describe part of a whole
- Understand that a unit fraction represents one equal part of a whole Measurement
- Measure and begin to record: - lengths and heights, using non-standard and then manageable standard units ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ) - mass/weight, using non-standard and then manageable standard units ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ) within children's range of counting competence
- Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: - lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) - mass/weight (for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than)
Geometry - 2d and 3d shapes
- Recognise and name common 2-D shapes, including rectangles (including squares), circle and triangles
- Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres
Statistics
- Present and interpret data in block diagrams using practical equipment
- Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category
- Ask and answer questions by comparing categorical data

